

REPORT TO MAYOR AND COUNCIL

May 16, 2024

SUBJECT: TP-ENT-0324-00007 HCD Village PAD, R-2 to PAD (Ward 3)

Public Hearing: May 2, 2024

BACKGROUND

This is a request by The Planning Center, on behalf of the property owner, City of Tucson – Real Estate Division, to rezone a 1.05-acre parcel from R-2 residential to Planned Area Development (PAD) zoning. The rezoning site is located at 250 W King Road, approximately 1,000 feet west of Stone Avenue. City of Tucson, Housing and Community Development (HCD) proposes to develop this site as the Amphi Housing First Resource Center, a new emergency shelter and day-use service center using a "Village Housing Model." The "Village Housing Model" is not defined in the Unified Development Code (UDC).

PUBLIC HEARING SUMMARY

May 2, 2024 Zoning Examiner Hearing

The Applicant and the Applicant's planning consultant spoke in support of the requested rezoning at the May 2, 2024, Zoning Examiner hearing.

Four other persons spoke. One spoke in support of the requested rezoning. Two persons spoke in opposition to the proposed rezoning, raising concerns about increased foot traffic in the neighborhood and immediate area, adverse effects on property values, and increased crime and drug use.

One person raised issues concerning consistency with the *North Stone Area Plan*, the density of the proposed development, the lack of adequate setbacks and buffering, and the height of the proposed two-story building on the site. This speaker also suggested that if the proposed PAD is

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approved, the Mayor and Council should bring the development back for periodic review at a public hearing, after the proposed development is built and is in operation, to make certain that the mitigation measures are working and that the land use model makes sense.

As of the date of the Zoning Examiner hearing, there were no (0) written approvals and three (3) written protests. In addition, HCD's online comment survey registered nineteen (19) approvals and eight (8) protests. Protests were filed by the owners of 10 of the 13 townhomes directly adjacent to the site.

FINDINGS OF FACT

Public Outreach – The Applicant held two separate neighborhood meetings prior to the PAD submittal. The first meeting was held on November 6, 2023, and the second meeting was held on January 31, 2024. Notices were sent to all property owners and property addresses within a quarter mile of the site, and to all neighborhood associations within one mile. HCD staff also canvassed door- to-door properties within 400 feet of the site to invite residents and left door hangers/postcards with meeting information.

The November 6, 2023, meeting was held at Amphi Middle School in the school's gym at 315 E Prince Road. Present were staff from the City Manager's Office, Housing and Community Development, The Mayor's Office, and Tucson Police Department. The consultant team from The Planning Center also attended, as well as two members of the Ward 3 staff. Several neighbors were also present, with 45 people attending the meeting. City staff introduced the proposed project to those in attendance, and the Planning Center staff explained what a Planned Area Development entails. City staff gave a brief overview of the City of Tucson's Housing First Program. The meeting was then opened for discussion and questions.

The January 31, 2024, meeting was held at the Salvation Army gym at 218 East Prince Road. A total of 47 people attended the meeting. HCD introduced the project team. Planning Center staff walked through a presentation discussing the project boundary, existing zoning, the proposed rezoning request, the PAD, and the rezoning process. The meeting was then opened up for discussion and questions.

Meeting discussions focused on safety and crime, the current unsheltered population, property values, tiny homes, and general information on the proposed use.



Background Information

<u>PAD Document Review</u>: The Application for PAD rezoning was accepted on April 1, 2024 and placed in review with a due date of April 12, 2024. A distribution memo was sent to external review teams, and various staff departments were given an opportunity to review and provide comments.

Existing Land Use: Vacant fire station building.

Zoning Descriptions:

Residential Zone (R-2): This zone provides for medium density, single-family and multifamily, residential development, together with schools, parks, and other public services necessary for an urban residential environment. Select other uses, such as day care and urban agriculture, are permitted that provide reasonable compatibility with adjoining residential uses.

Planned Area Development (PAD): enables and encourages comprehensively planned development in accordance with adopted plans and policies. The PAD is a zoning classification which provides for the establishment of zoning districts with distinct standards. A PAD may have land use regulations different from the zoning regulations in the UDC, any other PAD district, or other zoning districts. When a provision in a PAD varies from the UDC, the provisions in the PAD shall govern.

Surrounding Zones and Land Uses:

The subject location is currently zoned R-2 and is surrounded by R-2 zoning in all directions. Single family residential uses surround the site on the west, north and east. King Road, a local street, is south of the site with single family residential and a church on the south side of the street.

Applicant's Request – The HCD Villages PAD intends to allow an adaptive reuse of a City Fire Department building to create a Housing Resource Center, offering a mix of services, including congregate and non-congregate shelter for individuals experiencing homelessness or in danger of becoming homeless.

Planning Considerations – Land use policy direction for this area is provided by Plan Tucson (PT), and the *North Stone Neighborhood Plan* (NSNP).

Plan Tucson (PT) - The *Plan Tucson* Future Growth Scenario Map identifies the PAD location as within the Existing Neighborhoods Building Block where the goal is to maintain the character of these neighborhoods, while accommodating some new development and redevelopment and



encouraging reinvestment and new services and amenities that combine further to neighborhood stability.

North Stone Neighborhood Plan – The *North Stone Neighborhood Plan* was developed to mitigate potential negative impacts of new development on the existing residential uses of the North Stone neighborhood as it transitioned into a neighborhood with a greater variety of uses spurred by roadway improvements and new commercial development, largely the Tucson Mall.

The Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD is aligned with *North Stone Neighborhood Plan* Landscaping Goals by planting drought-tolerant vegetation, utilizing a 20-foot landscape border facing King Road, and 10-foot landscape borders on the sides and back of the parcel. Because this is an adaptive reuse, there are no impacts to mountain views. The proposal is aligned with *Plan* non-residential policy utilizing landscaping features such as trees in scale with the area with understory plants such as shrubs and ground cover where practical.

Project Description – The PAD proposes a new use that is not defined in the UDC, Village Housing District, as part of City of Tucson's Housing First strategy addressing homelessness in Tucson. The PAD proposes re-using the existing 7,000 square-foot fire station to offer a mix of congregate shelter, non-congregate shelter, and support services. Additionally, the area behind the existing structure is designated as non-congregate shelter and support services land use.

A landscape buffer of 10 feet separates the uses from the side and rear property lines, and a 20foot landscape border softens the appearance from the street and gives aesthetic consideration to the neighborhood. Additionally, the existing chain-link fence with opaque screen adjacent to surrounding single-story residential uses will be replaced by a minimum five-foot tall masonry wall with a wrought-iron cap or screening enclosing the site. New fencing and gates may also be installed along King Road to ensure privacy for homes across the street.

The former fire station is the only building on the site and will remain.

Micro shelters, tiny homes, and other housing typologies anticipated to be developed within the Village Housing District typically have high energy efficiency due to their small footprint and compact nature of the collective development. Additionally, most participants of the Amphi Housing First Resource Center will not have personal vehicles, which reduces the need to provide a large parking area for the residents of the site and limits the addition of impervious surfaces and vehicle miles travelled.

The 20-foot landscape border on the front of the site, and the 10-foot borders on the sides and



rear, will be planted with low-water and drought-tolerant plants from the Arizona Department of Water Resources approved plant list.

The facility will be staffed on a 24-hour basis. Additionally, security will be employed to monitor the project site and surrounding neighborhood. Other measures may include security cameras and remote monitoring by Tucson Police Department.

New structures onsite will be screened from neighboring properties with the new perimeter wall. These new structures may be up to two stories in height.

Access will be through the existing access point at the southeast corner of the property, which will remain at its current 60-foot width to allow flexibility in the use of the eastern truck bay on the existing building for Housing First Resource Center operations such as the provision of a mobile clinic. The existing curb cut for the western driveway may be removed during redevelopment of the site. Access within the Village Housing District will consist of parking areas and access lanes in accordance with applicable UDC standards. ADA-accessible pedestrian paths will be located throughout the Village Housing District.

New landscaping will be designed to create a visually attractive street frontage and provide shade to pedestrian facilities in the right-of-way. Landscaping in the side and rear buffer areas will be developed in compliance with applicable UDC landscape standards. In the event it is necessary to modify landscape borders to accommodate non-congregate shelters, the border widths, plant materials, and plan quantities may be amended administratively based on new information at the time of development. Five parking spaces will be provided onsite for employees and Resource Center volunteers. Landscaping will enhance the overall visual appearance of parking areas, and canopy trees will provide shade and mitigate the urban heat island effect.

The site is located within a critical basin, critical basin detention and fist flush retention requirements will be triggered at time of development through a drainage report/hydrology analysis submitted to the city with other necessary documents and plans to obtain permits for proposed work.

PAD Document Overview – The PAD document will use the established standards of the R-2 zone as the base zone, subject to the modified development regulations for the Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD.

Permitted Uses

• Any permitted or special exception use listed in Table 4.8.4 of the UDC for the R-2 Zone is allowed within the Amphi Housing First Resource Center Pad.



Additional Permitted Uses

- Congregate Shelter as defined by Section I.A of the Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD
- Non-Congregate Shelter (also referred to as micro shelter, tiny homes, etc.) defined by Section I.A of the Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD
- Support Services, as defined by Section I.A of the Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD
- Wireless Communications

Prohibited Uses; Cemetery

Additional Land Use Standards

- 1. Village Housing
- a. No more than 120 beds shall be provided onsite.

b. No more than 35 non-congregate units shall be provided in the yard external to the fire station.

c. No more than 15 non-congregate units shall be provided internal to the fire station.

d. Safety protocols such as curfew, onsite security, 24-hour surveillance cameras, community rules, neighborhood monitoring, etc. shall be implemented. Such safety protocols shall be submitted prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy.

e. The facility shall be operated by the City of Tucson Housing and Community Development (HCD) Department or an affiliated partner.

f. HCD or the affiliated partner shall offer to meet with all neighbors within 400 feet and all neighborhood associations within one mile prior to submission of the development package to inform them of building plans, site programming and logistics, safety protocols, etc.

Development Standards

- Development standards for the Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD shall use the basic parameters of the R-2 Zone with modifications per PAD Document Table IV.D: Development Standards.
- Where the Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD falls silent on certain development parameters, the development standards prescribed by the UDC for the R-2 Zone prevail.



Additional Development Standards

- 1. Parking Recognizing that the Amphi Housing First Resource Center is accessible by multiple modes of transportation and parking needs are only necessary for employees or support service providers, a minimum of five parking spaces shall be provided onsite. Additional parking, up to five parking spaces, may be accommodated on-street in the King Road right-of-way.
- 2. Loading Parking and access lanes may serve as loading zones. Therefore, no loading zones are required to support the Amphi Housing First Resource Center.
- 3. Landscape and Screening Standards The following landscape and screening standards shall apply to the Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD.

 $\circ~$ A 20-foot (minimum) landscape border shall be provided adjacent to King Road in accordance with Section 7.6.4 of the UDC.

• 10-foot (minimum) landscape borders shall be provided adjacent to the northern, eastern and western property boundaries in accordance with Section 7.6.4 of the UDC.

• Rainwater harvesting basins and green stormwater infrastructure shall be incorporated into the village housing design to the greatest extent practicable.

• A 5-foot-tall screen consisting of masonry and wrought iron, or similar material, shall be provided on the property line.

- 4. Signage and Monumentation Signage and monumentation within the PAD shall comply with the applicable City of Tucson Sign Code and sign regulations.
- 5. Solid Waste Standards All required solid waste and recycled materials collection and storage shall be designed in accordance with the City of Tucson *Technical Standards Manual, Section 8: Solid Waste and Recycling Disposal, Collection, and Storage Standards* unless an agreement between the City of Tucson's Environmental Services Department and the Housing and Community Development Department can be reached for alternative standards for the Amphi Housing First Resource Center.
- 6. Lighting Standards All outdoor lighting shall comply with the City of Tucson Outdoor Lighting Code and shall be shielded and downward-directed.



Interpretations and Amendments – The regulations and guidelines provided within the PAD supersede existing regulations within the City of Tucson Unified Development Code. If an issue arises regarding definitions, conditions, standards and/or situations not addressed in this PAD, those in the UDC or other City regulations shall prevail, as interpreted by the City of Tucson Zoning Administrator.

Non-substantial changes to the PAD shall be approved pursuant to *UDC Section 3.5.5.1* and include the following:

- 1. Modifications to the permitted uses that do not change the overall intent of the PAD.
- 2. Modifications to tax code parcel boundaries, including changes to interior boundaries, right-of-way acquisition, or combining parcels.
- 3. Modifications to definitions, development standards and regulations based on new information, best practices and market trends for affordable housing/shelter uses.
- 4. Any other items not expressly defined as substantial based on UDC Section 3.5.5.J.
- 5. Modifications to code provisions, including but not limited to the UDC, Fire, and Building code, as long as safety is maintained and with approval from the Planning Director/Building Official. Substantial changes (as defined in UDC Section 3.5.5.J.2.c) are subject to the amendment application process outlined in UDC Section 3.5.5.J.2.

Discussion

The proposed Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD is consistent with some of the policy goals of *Plan Tucson* and the *North Stone Neighborhood Plan*, as stated in the draft PAD document. However, the proposed PAD is not consistent with the policy direction in the *North Stone Neighborhood Plan* on density. In addition, the height of one of the proposed development options exceeds the height permitted in the R-2 zone, and the setbacks and buffering proposed in the draft PAD should be increased to mitigate the proposed development's impacts on adjacent residences, and to afford privacy to the residents of the proposed development.

<u>Density</u>

The *North Stone Neighborhood Plan (NSNP)* provides that low to medium density is appropriate for sites on neighborhood and collector streets, with high density housing appropriate for sites on arterial streets. *NSNP at* 14. The *NSNP* defines low density as up to 6 units per acre, medium



density as up to 14 units per acre, and high density as over 14 units per acre. *NSNP at* 4. The proposed rezoning site is on King Road, a collector street, not an arterial roadway. Thus, under the *NSNP*, the density should be no greater than 14 units per acre.

The proposed PAD provides for 15 non-congregate units in the existing fire station, which will be renovated and adapted for use, and 35 non-congregate units in newly built "tiny houses, micro-shelters or other housing typologies," or in a new two-story building, located on the rear half of the 1.05 acre lot.

The draft PAD document does not define "tiny houses" or "micro-shelters" and there are no UDC provisions from which the size or development standards for these structures can be determined. In any event, the density under the proposed PAD greatly exceeds the 14 units per acre permitted under the *NSNP*.

Setbacks, Buffers and Building Height

The draft PAD document proposes a 20-foot landscaped buffer along King Road, and 10-foot landscaped buffers with a 5-foot wall along the north, east and west boundaries of the site.

Given the density of the new uses proposed for the rear portion of the lot, a 5-foot wall is inadequate. At a minimum, the perimeter wall should be at least 6 feet high, to afford privacy to the residents of the new facility, as well as to the residents of the adjoining residential properties. (The townhomes west of the site have rear yards and patios that directly abut the property line.) In addition, the landscaping for the buffer areas should be done with mature trees which will afford immediate shade, visual relief, and privacy.

The maximum building height in the R-2 zone is 25 feet. The draft PAD document proposes a 30-foot maximum height for a new building on the site, apparently based on the height of the tallest portion of the existing fire house. Under the UDC, this would require a 20-foot setback from the neighboring parcels, not the 10-foot setback proposed in the draft PAD document.

Conclusion.

The proposed Amphi Housing First Resource Center PAD is consistent with some of the provisions of *Plan Tucson* and the *North Stone Neighborhood Plan*. However, the proposed PAD is not consistent with the policy direction in the *North Stone Neighborhood Plan* on density. In addition, the height of one of the proposed development options exceeds the height permitted in the R-2 zone, and the setbacks and buffering proposed in the draft PAD should be increased to mitigate the proposed development's impacts on adjacent residences. Finally, if the



proposed PAD is approved, the Mayor and Council should bring it back for periodic review at a public hearing, after the proposed development is built and is in operation, to make certain that the mitigation measures are adequate and that the land use model makes sense.

RECOMMENDATION

The Zoning Examiner recommends that the PAD not be approved as drafted because the proposed density exceeds the density recommended in the *North Stone Neighborhood Plan*. If the PAD is approved, the setbacks and buffering proposed in the draft PAD should be increased to mitigate the proposed development's impacts on adjacent residences. In addition, if the proposed PAD is approved, the Zoning Examiner recommends that the Mayor and Council should bring it back for periodic review at a public hearing, after the proposed development is built and is in operation, to make certain that the mitigation measures are adequate and that the land use model makes sense.

Sincerely,

John Iurino Zoning Examiner

ATTACHMENTS:

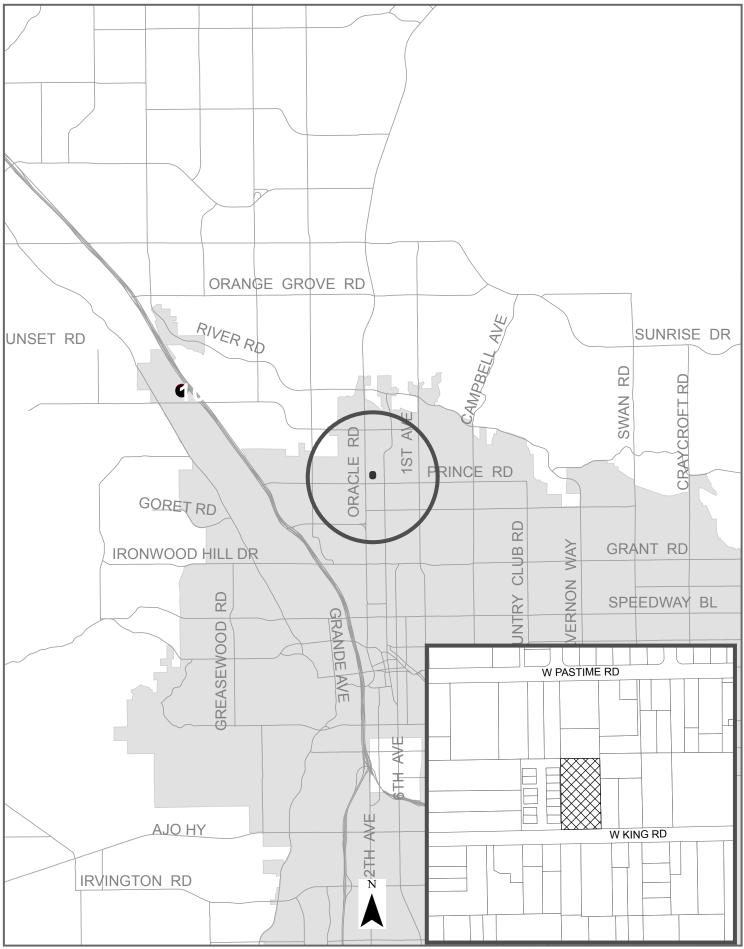
Case Location Map

Rezoning Case Map

Public Hearing Minutes

Cc: Mayor and Council

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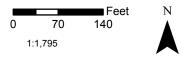
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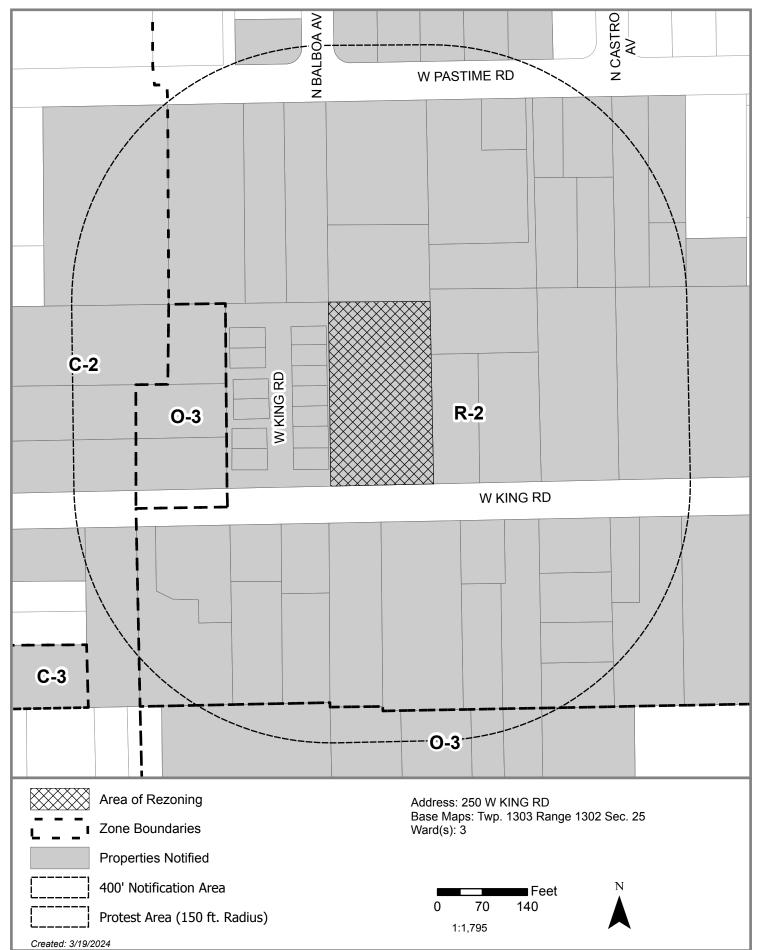


Area of Rezoning

Address: 250 W KING RD Base Maps: Twp. 1303 Range 1302 Sec. 25 Ward(s): 3



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CITY OF TUCSON

ZONING EXAMINER PUBLIC HEARING

MAY 2, 2024

29th & Swan PAD HCD Village PAD

ZONING EXAMINER:

- John Iurino

STAFF PRESENT:

- Gabriel Sleighter City of Tucson Planning and Development Services Department

APPLICANTS/AGENTS PRESENT:

- Keri Silvyn
 Lazarus & Silvyn, P.C.
 5983 East Grant Road, Suite 290
 Tucson, Arizona 85712
- Elizabeth Morales Assistant City Manager City of Tucson P.O. Box 27210 Tucson, Arizona 85726
- Lexy Wellott
 The Planning Center
 2 East Congress Street, Suite 600
 Tucson, Arizona 85701
- Brandi Champion, Director City of Tucson Housing First Program
- Sarah Meggison
 City of Tucson Housing Development Manager

ZONING EXAMINER: It's 6:00 o'clock so we'll get started. Good evening everyone and welcome to tonight's Public Hearing. My name is John Iurino. I'm the Zoning Examiner for

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the City of Tucson.

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I conduct rezoning hearings -- hearings on behalf of the Mayor and Council, and make findings of fact which I put into a written report, along with my recommendation, which I then send along to the Mayor and Council for their consideration and for their final decision. My report will be based on the information submitted to me, which includes the rezoning application, the Staff Report, all written approvals and protests, all correspondence, and -- and the testimony given at tonight's Public Hearing. I will also include in the record all documents submitted to me up to the close of the Public Hearing.

Tonight's proceedings are being recorded, and PDSD will post the video on its website. With that in mind, if you choose to testify, and I call on you to testify, I would ask you to please speak clearly -- which I do most the time, but not always -- and to begin your testimony by stating your name and your address.

The process after tonight's hearing goes like this: First, I complete a Preliminary Report within five working days after the close of the Public Hearing. Then, I prepare a Final Report. The Final Report will be issued within two weeks after the close of the Public Hearing. For those of you who wish to receive a copy of the Preliminary Report, and are not a listed party on the case, please send an email to

25 <u>Tucsonrezoning@tucsonaz.gov</u>, again, <u>Tucsonrezoning@tucsonaz.gov</u>,

or call the Planning and Development Services Department. A copy of my Final Report will be available from the Planning and Development Services Department, and I send it along to the Mayor and Council. At the scheduled Public Hearing on the case, the Mayor and Council will then vote on the matter based on my recommendation, along with other factors.

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Tonight's Public Hearing will proceed in the following manner: I will open the Public Hearing and ask a representative of the Planning and Development Services Department to give a brief presentation of the case. After that presentation, I will ask the Applicant to make his or her presentation. I will then ask anyone in the audience who wishes to speak to do so. You can either use the hand-raise function on Zoom or just start talking and I'll recognize you and we'll go from there. Since I cannot have any communication with anyone involved in the case outside of this Public Hearing, I would invite you to speak tonight if you would like to do so. After everyone has had a chance to speak, I will offer the Applicant the opportunity to respond to any of the concerns or issues that were brought up.

So, we'll get started. We have two cases on the docket this evening. The first is Case TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD. Mr. Sleighter, are you presenting the Staff Report?

MR. SLEIGHTER: Yes, I am.

ZONING EXAMINER: Please go ahead.

MR. SLEIGHTER: Okay. So, this case is a request

by Lazarus & Silvyn on behalf of the property owner, BP Swan Investors, to rezone a 27-acre parcel from R-1 to Planned Area Development. The site is at the southeast corner of Swan Road and 29th Street, and the Applicant proposes to allow for the development of a commercial center with multiple uses, sort of anchored on a large-scale retail establishment, and also include multiple kind of medium and smaller PADs with a mix of commercial, light industrial, and retail uses.

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The Applicant did hold a neighborhood meeting on February 20th at the nearby Myers-Ganoung Elementary School. Notices were sent out to property owners within 400 feet of the site using labels provided by PDSD. Eleven members of the public attended. There was some positive feedback shared about plans to finally develop the property which has been vacant for a long time, and then there were concerns about homelessness and traffic which the team addressed during the meeting.

The -- the current land use on the site is vacant. And the request to rezone to Planned Area Development enables that sort of comprehensibly-planned development with some locationspecific development guidelines on top of the -- the base zoning of the PAD, which would be C- -- excuse me, I tried to sort out some notes -- C-3 -- the base zoning would be C-3.

Previously, there was a rezoning case on the property in 2017 at BP Swan's request. There was an authorization for a rezoning from Residential 1 to OCR-1 to support the development

of a large six-story or 100-foot-tall (audio cuts out) and that rezoning was never effectuated (audio cuts out) expired.

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Land use policy on this site is provided by Plan Tucson. It's in the Existing Neighborhood Building Block and the Future Growth Scenario Map, which includes primarily largely built-out residential neighborhoods. The Building Block's goal is to maintain and enhance the character of the existing neighborhood and accommodate some new development and redevelopment, while still encouraging reinvestment in the community, attributing to neighborhood stability.

The PAD proposes a large commercial center with that anchor retail establishment and a variety of smaller PADs. Primary access is going to be from Swan Road and 29th Street, with no traffic moving to or from residential streets in the area or to the apartment complex immediately east of the development. Several secondary access points are indicated on the plans, with the final configuration subject to change prior to the time of development.

The Applicant provided three conceptual site layouts, and in all layouts the large-scale retail building is over 100,000 square feet. The plans show shade trees through the parking areas, with large islands of landscaping, denoting boundaries between different parking areas and access lanes. There's one tree at least every four spaces to mitigate the urban heat island effect, and rainwater harvesting is accomplished

through the site using permeable paving curb cuts, flush curbs, and basins.

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Again, the PAD document will utilize established C-3 zoning as the base zone, as well as allowing certain lightindustrial uses compatible and complementary to both the proposed and existing surrounding uses. Within the PAD, all C-3 uses are -- are considered appropriate where not otherwise prohibited by the airport zone. C-3 uses that require a special exception land use procedure will still require that special exception, so things like marijuana dispensary or wireless communication facilities would still require coming back to the Zoning Examiner and the Mayor and Council.

In conclusion, the 29th & Swan PAD request is consistent with Plan Tucson and the -- it's sort of aligned with the City of Tucson's Thrive and 29th initiative, locating jobs and -- jobs and commercial services in a neighborhood that's, you know, in need of some reinvestment. And a Plan Amendment is not required. Approval of the requested PAD is appropriate and no other conditions are required.

> ZONING EXAMINER: Thank you, Mr. Sleighter. Would the Applicant like to be heard?

MS. SILVYN: Please, Mr. Iurino. Keri Silvyn with 23 Lazarus & Silvyn. And I'm going to attempt to share my screen. ZONING EXAMINER: Thank you.

MS. SILVYN: I'm going to introduce some people

while I maneuver this to start working. Okay. There we go. Okay. Keri Silvyn with Lazarus & Silvyn, 5983 East Grant Road, representing the Applicant. Also with me tonight are from Bourn Company is Alan Tanner, McKay Stevens, and Millie Garcia, and then Robin Large and Jackson Cassidy from -- from my office.

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Staff did a very thorough report. I'm just going to touch on a couple of items for which I have some slides that I think are helpful as well. So, this is an infill piece at the corner of 29th and Swan; it's also -- on the south we have Golf Links Road and Davis Monthan, with a diversion channel that we'll show you a little bit more in a minute; it is within the 29th Street Thrive boundary to revitalize this area, and Staff has touched on some of those policies as well that we are -- we are meeting and bringing forward; and it's directly adjacent, and will have access to roads, with the capacity for this type of development, both Swan and 29th. It's currently zoned R-1.

17 Four companies purchased the property in 2017. Prior to 2017, it was a State-run residential rehabilitation facility. 18 19 There were 17 abandoned buildings at that time; those were 20 starting to cause some issues with criminal activity and surrounding neighborhood neighbors and first responders were 21 22 having some concerns. So, Bourn Companies, prior to knowing what 23 was going to be done with the site, went in and demolished those 24 buildings out of those safety concerns.

Staff mentioned, in 2017, Bourn Companies also proposed

to rezone the project to OCR-1, really proposing predominantly office with a little bit of commercial. Enter 2020, when we had a global pandemic and the office market got turned on its head, the rezoning did expire in 2022, so it remains R-1 zoning. And I do want to point out one of the uses that is not permitted -- and this came up at the neighborhood meeting as well -- because of Davis Monthan Overlay is residential, so it really can only be commercial office, some sort of a nonresidential uses.

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So, our approach this evening -- and in front of you is the PAD -- trying to do a site-specific rezoning, as Staff indicated, allows us to sort of right size and write our own zoning regulations to some degree. We focused on specific types of uses, like large and small retailers, restaurants, personal services, and then added some employment and light manufacturing, things that would make sense within a commercial center. It also allows us some flexibility, so part of what we've -- what we've -- what Bourn Companies has been hearing is that commercial is really desired in this area, but it's hard to market for commercial use when it's stilled zoned for the R-1 residential; and the State was exempt, right, from zoning so it just was sort of a holding zone in a lot of ways.

So, we've created some of those standards. I'm going to step through just a couple of them, but obviously if you have other questions, we can answer them. So, this is kind of the -the concept plan that we've created within the PAD. It sort of

sets out some of the basic parameters for all of the uses, not the large retail, which kind of -- like the Unified Development Code, our definition of large retail is a single user of over 100,000 square feet. So, anything that is not a large retail, the height is no more than 75 feet.

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Setbacks from the north are ten feet; to the south ten feet, with no landscaping because of the diversion channel -- and I'll show you that in just a minute -- the west is ten feet; and the east, the setback would be the height of the building, with ten feet of landscaping; and then there's a five-foot wall there that will remain. And, again, I have a photo that I could show you -- I will show you of that as well. All trash enclosures have to be at least 50 feet from the multifamily residential and -- and screened.

If it's a large retailer, the single user of over 100,000 square feet, we're allowing it as a permitted use in the PAD. And we've gone through a lot of the criteria that would otherwise require a process for a large retail establishment, and we've created criteria that really match this site condition. So, the setback is a minimum of 150 feet from our east boundary, which is the only residential directly on our boundary line. There's residential, as you probably are aware, on the other side of Swan Road; and we've been working very closely with that -that apartment complex owner as well. So, that building would need to be 150 feet, with additional setbacks for parts of the

uses. So, outdoor storage, 100 feet; trash, 125 feet; delivery and loading, 100 feet; and all of it needs -- needs screening. There's additional design criteria as well if there's a long expanse of a building.

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Overall on the site, traffic is going to come in and out off of Swan and 29th Street. There's a median on Swan so those will all be right-in/right-out movements. We're -- for right now, we just highlighted a couple places where we think the major -- those are the red dots -- and then we have the -- you know, some secondary entrances, that will all designed once we know the users and they're ready to put forward the -- the design of the site.

Staff mentioned the DM Overlay District we're complying with. The height complies with it, it's under -- the height required from the DM Overlay is 100 to 140 feet depending on where we are on the site; we're at 75 feet, so we are well within that. We're complying with the uses, no residential. There's some noise control and notice requirements for certain uses for aviation and will be complying -- all of those we'll be complying with in the PAD.

I just want to show you quickly, this is what I was alluding to before, to give a sense of that diversion channel. So, what you're looking at on the bottom of the screen is Golf Links Roads, and then all of that land before you get to the fencing -- which you can see right here, this is the south

boundary of the property -- that's all the diversion channel, all of this vegetation as well as the trail system. So, part of the reason we're not suggesting any landscaping back in this area is that this is providing a very significant buffer in this area.

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Over on the -- on the west side, east -- otherwise known as the east side, this tree canopy is actually on the apartment side of the -- of the wall. There's a wall that you cannot see underneath those trees; it's a five-foot wall. And then we're proposing an additional tree lining along it with a landscape buffer, so there'll be even a bigger tree canopy and that five-foot wall would -- would maintain as our -- as our buffer over there.

We did provide -- Staff alluded to this -- there's three illustrative plans. I don't really feel the need to go into detail. What we tried to do is provide three plans that -that all incorporated the large retailer to show the different ways it could probably work in here. Again, we don't know exactly who the users are, so we wanted to -- to show how that concept plan could lay that -- lay out. So, this is the first one with the -- you can see the large retail establishment positioned where it is. This is another one that shows the large retail establishment over here and then you split -- tenant over on the -- on the other side, and then just another -- another idea that came to mind. So, again, these are in the PAD to show how this could work through and I'm happy to answer questions

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I'm going to wrap this up with the outreach. Staff mentioned we had our neighborhood meeting. We had 11 attendees. We noticed it on February 6th. Overall, I think I would characterize the comments as positive. The questions and our responses are in the -- in the -- in the summary. Some of the questions were related to traffic, onsite circulation, safety concerns, and the homeless issue that's going on across the -across the city right now.

I do want to point out that we were -- both Alan Tanner, A.T. and I, were excited to get to meet the owner of Mama Louisa's, because I've eaten there for years. A.T. grew up down the street and is slightly older than I am, so he's eaten there for more years than I have. And she's been around for a long time and she said she's just excited to see something happening on this site because the -- the not -- not using the site and having a vacant site there is bringing some issues. And she did thank Bourn, as did a number of the other neighbors, for demolishing those -- those old facilities when they purchased it from the State. So, there were good questions; I think we answered them.

And, at this point, I'm happy to answer any questions you might have or wait until the Public Hearing and answer them then.

ZONING EXAMINER: Thank you very much, Ms. Silvyn.

City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing, 5/2/2024 Case No. TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD; and Case No. TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD I don't have any questions right now. 1 2 Would anyone in the audience like to be heard on this (No response.) Seeing no hands and hearing no one. 3 case? Ms. Silvyn -- Ms. Silvyn, I don't have any questions 4 5 for you. Thank you for your presentation as always; very well prepared materials. And I'm closing the Public Hearing on Case 6 TP-ENT-1123-00045. Thank you. 7 8 Our next case tonight is Case TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD. Mr. Sleighter, are you presenting the Staff Report? 9 10 MR. SLEIGHTER: Yes, I am. 11 ZONING EXAMINER: Please go ahead. 12 MR. SLEIGHTER: This is a request by The Planning Center on behalf of the property owner, City of Tucson Real 13 14 Estate, to rezone a 1.05-acre parcel from R-2 residential to 15 Planned Area Development zoning. The site's at 250 West King Road; it's about 1,000 feet west of Stone Avenue and about a 16 block north of I believe Pima. 17 The Housing Community Development (audio cuts out) 18 19 Village Housing Model --20 ZONING EXAMINER: You froze there for a minute. 21 I'm not sure if you were mid-sentence, but go right ahead. 22 MR. SLEIGHTER: -- Village Housing Model not 23 specifically defined in the Unified Development Code, and so the 24 PAD zone would give HCD the flexibility to implement their 25 Housing First approach goals, focused on providing shelters with

essential support services in areas experiencing high unsheltered populations; and do that by prioritizing the use of underutilized or vacant City-owned facilities.

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The Applicant held two separate meetings prior to their submittal; the first on November 6th and the second one on January 31st. They were both in person and noticed using labels provided by PDSD. HCD Staff also, in addition to those labels, canvassed door-to-door properties within 400 feet of the rezoning site to invite residents who may not have been property owners; and they also left door hangers and postcards with meeting information.

The two meetings had about 45 to 47 people in attendance at each meeting. Staff walked through the proposed rezoning request PAD and the -- you know, the project proposal. Discussions focused on safety and crime, the current unsheltered population, property values, tiny homes, and questions and answers, just general information on the Housing First Resource Center Model.

The existing land use for the rezoning site is -- is a vacant fire station building and currently R-2 zoned which allows for civic uses, like fire stations. The PAD allows HCD the flexibility to I guess operate this -- this new kind of land use in -- in a flexible way, as well as offering them flexibility to I guess make the most of the resources they have to provide services onsite.

Planning considerations. Planned use policy for this 1 2 area is provided by Plan Tucson and the North Stone Area Plan. The proposal conforms to North -- excuse me -- to Plan Tucson 3 housing goals and policies by adaptively reusing a City building 4 5 to preserve the distinct physical character of the street and neighborhood. The fire station's been there for a long time. 6 7 The North Stone Development Plan provides some quidance 8 on landscaping and screening, which the proposal demonstrates 9 compliance with, with a 20-foot landscape border facing King 10 Road, and ten- -- ten-foot landscape borders on the back and 11 sides of the parcel. They're aligned with residential policies 12 mitigating the negative impacts of new development and through 13 setbacks and vegetation. 14 And the proposal is also aligned with Tucson's Housing 15 Affordability Strategy, building capacity around affordable 16 housing, facilitating housing in areas of opportunity, and 17 updating zoning regulations to encourage affordable housing; and it's also a direct effort to house Tucsonans where they are and, 18 19 you know, where that -- where that need already exists. 20 So, the -- the PAD proposes a new use that's not clearly defined, but it proposed reusing the existing 7,000-21 22 square-foot fire station to offer (audio cuts out) different 23 shelter types, congregate shelter, non-congregate shelter, and 24 also the provision of support services. The area behind the 25 existing structure is designated as non-congregate shelter and

supports services land use. And so the intent is to use tiny home structures with that Village Housing Model to provide those emergency housing options.

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The fire station is the only building on the site and it's going to remain, reducing the project's disruption to the surrounding neighborhood. From the street, it will appear about the same. It will see some improvements with high -- highefficiency materials, fixtures, and appliances.

New structures onsite are going to be screened from neighboring homes with a new perimeter wall. Those new structures may be up to two stories in height and they'll be hidden from view to the south by the existing fire station, and only the upper portions of those structures will be visible from immediately-adjacent properties. Access to the site is going to be where it's at now, the 60-foot access at the southeast corner of the property.

17 The project site is identified by Tucson and Pima County -- Tucson and Pima County Housing Study's Neighborhood 18 19 Vulnerability Index Map as one of the most vulnerable census 20 tracts in the City of Tucson; correlates with the high 21 unsheltered population. The Applicant team's proposal is 22 designed to provide those -- the -- a range of resources that 23 benefits the community. So, the PAD document is going to 24 establish the R-2 zone as its base zone, with some modified 25 development regulations for the Resource Center PAD, allowing

anything in an R-2 zone in the PAD boundary, as well as additional permitted uses, congregate shelter, non-congregate shelter, and the support services defined by the PAD document.

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So, the request to rezone the site to PAD is consistent with Plan Tucson and the Housing Affordability Strategy for Tucson and the North Stone Area Plan. A plan amendment is not required for this proposal, and approval of the requested PAD zoning is appropriate. No conditions are required.

We did receive -- after sending out approval/protest mailers to the property owners within 400 feet of the site, we only received three protests and zero approvals for the -- for this case. The three protests we received were from within the 150-foot boundary area for the State statute HB 2116, the five out of seven members if more than 20-percent of the parcel --20-percent of the parcel area together are protesting it.

HCD had their own comment form up on the website where they received 19 approvals and seven protests. The seven protests all identified as being from within that 400-foot area, but we didn't receive the -- the written mailers or something signed by property owners, and so it's -- they're encouraged to get those mailers and submit those back to PDSD for consideration in the future. And that's -- thank you.

23 ZONING EXAMINER: Thank you. Would the Applicant 24 like to be heard?

MS. MORALES: Yes, thank you. I'd like to

introduce myself. I'm Liz Morales, I'm the Assistant City
Manager, but also the former Director of Housing for Housing
Community Development; that's part -- the reason why I'm still
working and -- and speaking on behalf of this project. Also, I'm
speaking on behalf of the Director of Housing in Community
Development, Ann Chanecka, who is not available.

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But I do want to introduce other team members: Brandi Champion, Director of our Housing First Program; Naomi Lee, our Community Enrichment Coordinator with the Community Health and Safety -- Health and Wellness, and Sarah Meggison, our Housing Development Manager with Housing Community Development, as well as our Planning Center partners that have been assisting us with this PAD submission, Lexy Wellott and Brian Underwood, with The Planning Center. So, should there be questions, I may be calling on them to help me answer that.

If -- if you don't mind, I'd like to give a little bit 16 17 of a background why we have this PAD in front of you. The site is being considered --- as you -- as discussed already, is the 18 19 former Fire Station 8 in the Amphi neighborhood. It's an area 20 that's been impacted by a variety of social issues, including an increase number of people experiencing homelessness, with very 21 22 few housing and services options in the area. During the pandemic, the City of Tucson, like many, many other metropolitan 23 24 cities nationwide, experienced a significant increase in 25 homelessness.

In 2023, there was a point in time count that we're 1 2 required to do, as a jurisdiction, where we interviewed and 3 counted over 2,200 individuals and families and -- and knowing 4 that they were experiencing homelessness. This does not capture every person that is unsheltered, but it does show the need that 5 it is -- it is significant. The University of Arizona provided 6 7 some -- some statistical analysis and determined that the current 8 number of available -- shelter and housing units available is 9 around 3,400 in Tucson, but there is an additional need of about 10 6,000 beds and units to really meet the need of those who are 11 experiencing homelessness. 12 The City of Tucson Housing and Community Development 13 Direc- -- Department was directed by Mayor and Council to add 14 shelter beds and -- and develop more housing units. As a result, 15 I want to just share -- just a few highlights, what we've been doing this towards -- to -- to achieve that direction. 16 We've 17 acquired several hotel sites and properties over the past three to four years to provide -- to provide additional housing. 18 We 19 were able to serve 451 households with emergency shelter just in

the year 2023, and 1,200 units are in various planning construction phases; and over 1,600 people received outreach and navigation services through the Housing First Program. The City has proven track record of operating shelter and -- and providing services that improve the lives of those served, but also improving the neighborhoods that these properties are located in.

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City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing, 5/2/2024 Case No. TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD; and Case No. TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD More specific to the project -- and we're going to show 1 a graphic here -- Mayor and Council did --2 MS. MEGGISON: Real quick, can I get --3 4 MS. MORALES: Yes. 5 MS. MEGGISON: -- to share the screen, please? ZONING EXAMINER: Mr. Beall, would you please let 6 7 Ms. Meggison share the screen? 8 MS. MORALES: So, to show the commitment that Mayor and Council have to this work, they committed \$1 million of 9 10 federal -- American Rescue Plan dollars to expand shelter. And 11 we also applied and received a congressional member-directed 12 grant of almost \$1 million to bring this site -- to turn this 13 site into what we're calling a Housing Resource Center, and we're 14 -- it's with the intent of doing an adaptive lease of the 15 building and of the property, to build tiny homes -- a tiny home 16 village with -- in the back lot. 17 In August of 2023, Mayor and Council directed Housing 18 and Community Development staff to begin drafting a Planned Area 19 Development to allow a Housing First Resource Center to be 20 developed. The goal of this PAD as stated -- and I will be

quoting Council Member Kevin Dahl from Ward 3 -- in his motion is that this -- this PAD is to address the barriers to develop to -to -- I'm sorry -- address the barriers to development of additional housing options through the use of tiny homes in two phases:

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First, staff shall take near-term action to address the urgent need for shelter capacity by implementing a pilot program at City-owned Fire Station 8 that will concurrently explore micro-shelter options, while working towards a PAD of both ample community and stakeholder engagement. In addition, Mayor and Council want this project to be a model to do more tiny home villages in other parts of the city to address the housing affordability emergency in Tucson. The approach that we are taking for this project is -- it is what -- the main concern is to involve residents of the neighborhood, businesses, and stakeholders in the Amphi area.

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The City expanded outreach radius and held additional meetings beyond the minimum requirements for rezoning, because we want to know the residents' concerns and to assure them that the City will be a good neighbor. If the rezoning is ultimately a approved, the City will work collaboratively with residents, along with the City's program, Housing First, and other nonprofit and non-governmental organizations to deliver quality programing that is both -- both effective to those receiving services, as well as safe to the surrounding neighborhood. The end goal is to deliver the -- and it's the needed services that can assist those in need and connect them with stable housing and the appropriate supports.

What can be expected at this site includes the following: The City-owned shelter will house approximately 200

individuals nightly, and provide short-term housing assistance while shelter residents work with a housing navigator to identify and obtain longer-term housing assistance. The existing location shows that the shelter operations actually improve the -- the areas around them, providing consistent onsite staff presence and neighborhood outreach. The City's Housing First Program operates street outreach, housing navigation, emergency shelter and permanent support (audio cuts out) housing for 1,000 Tucsonans each year at other sites. All services provided by the Housing First Program are low-barrier and provide permanent housing solutions as the primary goal of services.

The City of Tucson will partner with the HUD-mandated Multiple Homeless Planning Group known as Tucson Pima Collaboration to End Homelessness, a network of more than 50 local housing and homeless service organizations, to coordinate the delivery of outreach, referral, housing navigation, behavioral health, and support services.

As mentioned about the summary of the meetings, we held two prior to submission and an additional meeting after we submitted the PAD, and we had well over 100 combined with all those meetings, and it -- again, with the intent of hearing from the residents and being able to start addressing their concerns as we develop the design not just of the building and the lot, but also of the programs.

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The ongoing work that -- that the City is committed to

doing is continued engagement throughout the process -- will occur when a partner is selected -- when a say a "partner," whoever is going to help us develop and design and construct the -- the renovation and the tiny home village -- we will continue to engage with the neighborhood on the design of the project in two phases -- which is a remodeled interior and the development of the housing village. We have listened to concerns and are committed to providing adequate fencing, walls, and a ten-foot buffer from the western property line.

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Community Safety, Health and Wellness is another program that has been working very closely with us within the City, and they have been assisting on a couple of key points for the community, which includes the easement adjacent -- adjacent to the townhomes to the west, and the alley north a couple blocks that have caused issues with trash and loitering. Work is being done to address the concerns and provide clean-up and solutions. As new issues arise, the City is prepared to address them, bringing the various resources that the City and our partners have to offer.

And that concludes my presentation. Happy to answer any questions.

22 ZONING EXAMINER: Thank you very much, Ms.
23 Morales. I think I'd like to hear from other members of your
24 team if you like or other members of the audience first. I do
25 have some questions, but I'll save them until the end; if that's

City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing, 5/2/2024 Case No. TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD; and Case No. TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD okay. 1 So, would anyone else on your -- on your team like to 2 speak or shall I open it up to the audience? 3 MS. MEGGISON: I think the audience and then I 4 5 think if -- if other members of our team can help answer some of the questions we get, we'll be prepared to do that. 6 7 ZONING EXAMINER: Thank you very much. So, would 8 anyone in the audience like to be heard on this case? And please start by saying your name and address and then we'll hear 9 10 everyone who wants to speak tonight. So, who wants to go first, 11 if anyone? 12 MR. LARA: Yes, sir. 13 ZONING EXAMINER: Please go right ahead. 14 My name is Roberto Lara (ph.). MR. LARA: I live 15 at 302 West King Road; that's directly west of the proposed PAD. 16 (Child speaking in background.) Sorry, that's our son here. 17 ZONING EXAMINER: That's okay. No problem. 18 MR. LARA: Okay. So, we're against this PAD 19 because of the location. We understand the objective here of 20 outreach and we are all for that. We just are against the proposed location of this PAD, because it's going to directly 21 22 affect the residents -- all the residents that live in this area, 23 not just us in the townhomes directly west, but you have 24 residents to the south and to the east. And, as they mentioned, 25 there -- there -- they will be trying to service up to 200 people

a night. I can't imagine what kind of foot traffic, car traffic, that's going to bring into the -- into our area, and we have a lot of concerns of -- of what kind of activity that'll bring with all these -- these new people coming into our area. So, we -- we just have a lot of concerns and --

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MRS. LARA: This is Teresa Lara, also the property owner at 302 West King Road. So, I did put in a protest; comments I'm sure you've read. But, you know, now learning there's going to be a two-story wall that'll be directly in our backyard probably -- you know, we share that aligning gate with that facility, you know.

And right now we're currently also dealing with the homelessness, with many attempts to reach out to City of Tucson to file reports, as well as the already stretched emergency services and our concerns are about safety. We have a four-yearold son who we are -- we can't even take outside currently. So, our stress is that it's going to bring an influx of this type of traffic through there; and a lot of our homelessness issues have to do with drug use. So, you know, that's -- mainly our concern is safety and also our property value at the same time. So, just as residents, it's just something that we're very much in opposition of.

> ZONING EXAMINER: Well, thank you --MR. LARA: Yeah. ZONING EXAMINER: -- both very much for

City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing, 5/2/2024 Case No. TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD; and Case No. TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD participating tonight. 1 2 MR. LARA: And I'd just like to emphasize how 3 close this PAD is to our townhomes. Our -- our back patio is within 20 feet of the old Fire Station 8 building, so that's 4 5 having to share that much of a space with this -- this proposed PAD. 6 7 ZONING EXAMINER: I understand, sir, what you're 8 saying. I've been to the property. I know where the townhomes area. I've seen -- as well have seen the area, so I -- I 9 certainly understand what you're saying. 10 11 MR. LARA: Okay. 12 MRS. LARA: Thank you. 13 ZONING EXAMINER: Okay. Thank you both very much. 14 I have a hand up from Kyle. Would you like to speak, 15 sir? Start with your name and address. 16 MR. PACKER: Sure. Good evening, Mr. Iurino. My 17 name is Kyle Packer (ph.), and I live at 148 West Knox, which is just off Pastime, the street immediately north of this proposed 18 19 project. 20 I'm actually here to speak in favor of it. I think most folks recognize it's a lot easier to get angry about new 21 22 development in your neighborhood than it is to get excited about 23 it, even when the development is something you'll end up using. 24 I don't think anyone who's shown up to the meeting tonight is 25 planning on being homeless. It's -- so like most residential

projects, it's kind of hard to hear from the people who would benefit from this project because they haven't moved in yet.

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A lot of my neighbors are reasonably worried about crime, and that's something that the Tucson PD and the Planning and Development folks have been really great partners on helping us find solutions for. I think the current plan is to block off access to our alleys with gates like they did down at Fort Lowell and Stone; and, honestly, that worked kind of surprisingly well there, so I expect it to work here, too. And the reality is a fair number of my neighbors are already homeless and not giving them a place to stay hasn't stopped crime.

12 The average rent is like one and a half or two times my 13 mortgage and I still get important mail -- I'm talking jury 14 summons and other legal stuff -- for the family that lived in my 15 house before I did and it's been over two years. Like, it was a 16 married couple and their two teenaged daughters. I'd like to 17 think they found another place, but I don't know. Like no one, 18 including the federal government, seems to know how to find them, 19 so I'm not very hopeful for that. And that's kind of why I 20 support this project. It's going to help people that need help, including folks with kids from what I understand, and it's 21 22 already started serving as a tool to help those of us that live 23 around it, share our safety concerns and find solutions. And, honestly, it'll probably get us some good public infrastructure 24 25 in the future -- supposed to be bus rapid transit on Stone and

we'll probably get a stop if this goes in.

As a City-managed project, I'm pretty confident these folks will be good neighbors and that the neighborhood will get better investment than it has historically. So, again, I support it. Thank you for your time.

ZONING EXAMINER: Yeah. Thank you for participating, Kyle.

Bonnie Poulos. Ms. Poulos, would you like to speak?

MS. POULOS: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Zoning Examiner. My name is Bonnie Poulos. I live at 1208 East Smoot Drive. I am on the Steering Committee for the Campus Farm Neighborhood Association. I'm really not speaking in favor or against this project, but I do have some concerns that I hope you'll address when you write your Final Report.

First, the plan as it was written says that this PAD is using the basic parameters of R-2 zoning. And I guess I find that difficult to believe when the density that is being proposed is more than three times the density that would normally be allowed on an R-2 parcel. And the Residential Policy Statement 2 in the North Stone Area Plan discusses where high-density development is appropriate, which is along arterial streets, and King is, of course, a local street that abuts this property.

I'm also concerned that the maximum building height is 30 feet. And my understanding in an R-2 zone that the setback is ten feet or three-quarters of the building height, and so I think

that the setbacks from the property owners in the townhomes should be more like 22 feet and not ten feet. The North Stone Area Plan also discusses the importance of buffering and I'm not sure that a five-foot masonry wall ten feet from these units is sufficient buffering. I think that mature vegetation should be brought in to help with the buffering, especially along the areas where there's single-family housing and townhome development.

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8 And, most importantly, I would like to ask you -- since this is an experiment in village housing, and it's a model that 9 we hope to learn from, I would like to see that there is a 10 11 direction that this property, and the concept that was used 12 within the interior of the neighborhood, be reviewed in a time 13 frame, say, one to two years after the housing development is 14 complete, so that we can understand whether or not there's an 15 issue with only requiring five parking spaces for a 120-bed unit 16 with -- I don't know how many staff is sufficient, and whether or 17 not there's been a disruption to the single-family neighborhood 18 that exists there today.

So, I hope that some of these things will be addressed in your report. And I thank you very much for allowing me to make some comments.

ZONING EXAMINER: Yes. Thank you for participating. Would you please -- I -- I got them pretty well in mind -- the last piece I'd like to hear a little more on, the -- basically, if the PAD did go through, right, you're saying

1	often itle built out buing it up for newiou bu company. Mour
1	after it's built out, bring it up for review by someone Mayor
2	and Council by someone to check the boxes on did it accomplish
3	what it hoped to accomplish? Did it have other effects on the
4	neighborhood? Did it have beneficial effects, detrimental
5	effects? Just have a review, but a review to what end is what I
6	guess I wanted to
7	MS. POULOS: I would like to I would like to
8	see that there be some requirement for a Public Meeting where the
9	residents who live adjacent to this property or nearby, as well
10	as other residents in the neighborhood, can meet with Housing and
11	Community Development staff, as well as the Ward 3 Council
12	Person, to determine whether or not this is really a good model
13	for housing homeless individuals in the future, and whether or
14	not the decision to place this within a single-family
15	neighborhood was in the best interests of everybody who's going
16	to be residing there.
17	ZONING EXAMINER: I think I have it now. Thank
18	you very much.
19	MS. POULOS: Thank you.
20	ZONING EXAMINER: Would anyone else in the
21	audience like to be heard? (No response.) I'm going to ask one
22	more time and then I have a few questions for Ms. Morales.
23	Anyone else in the audience like to be heard? (No response.)
24	Ms. Morales, I had a couple
25	MS. MORALES: Yes.

ZONING EXAMINER: -- questions; if that's okay. MS. MORALES: Please.

ZONING EXAMINER: Yeah. So, the -- the PAD document is -- in your presentation, you referred to tiny homes which are discussed in the PAD document -- but the PAD document, as proposed and prepared by The Planning Center, is somewhat indeterminate on what the non-congregate residential uses might -- how they might be housed. It says tiny houses, micro- -micro-shelters or maybe a two-story building.

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So, I -- I, you know -- and I say this with all respect, of course, but I -- I just -- sometimes when folks who are living in an area know what might -- will be built, right, it's -- knowledge replaces fear sometimes is what I'm trying to get to. And has a decision been made that it will be tiny homes versus a two-story structure versus -- I'm not even sure what micro-shelter means personally, but --

17 MS. MORALES: Yes, Mr. Zoning Examiner, I can tell 18 you that we have some concepts -- our plan would be to go out as 19 an RFP to experienced developers of this type -- and we believe 20 it would be no more than 30 to 40 structures; that the two- --21 the two-story, I may ask Lexy or Brian to speak to that -- but, 22 you know, I think that's really around the community space. 23 We're going to need to have -- you know, a place for people to 24 have community bathrooms and facilities. So, I'm going to just 25 ask for either Lexy or -- or --

ZONING EXAMINER: Sure. That's fine, of course. MS. MORALES: -- Brian to --

MS. WELLOTT: Good evening, Mr. Iurino. And thanks, Ms. Morales, there for the -- the recommendation for -for additional commentary here.

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One thing to -- to note here and why, you know, we -we crafted the PAD the way we did, Mr. Iurino, was a large part, as Ms. Morales just mentioned, was we're not exactly sure what that development might be in the back, whether it's, you know, tiny homes that are more temporary in nature or a pallet home; or -- or, perhaps, since this is a City-owned property, you know, we have to think about the longevity of it and what this -- the future may entail on this. And, since this is a property that is ultimately going to be managed by HCD, we're looking far into the future as to what those ultimate possibilities may be on this site.

17 So, as we -- we -- we discussed, you know, amongst ourselves what -- what the possibility could be is -- well, we 18 19 know there's a current need today to immediately house people in 20 the quickest and most economical way possible. But that doesn't mean, you know, ten years from now, when HCD solves this problem 21 22 in the neighborhood, that they can't look to reposition this to 23 be more of a permanent housing structure. And so I think that's 24 where the notion of two-story houses come in is -- is this notion 25 of, you know, maybe down the road there might be an opportunity

for us to develop more permanent apartment housings or, you know, townhomes, et cetera, which all lend for a two-story structure height there.

I do want to -- to make it know -- and something that we clearly -- and in hearing from all of the neighbors is -- and recognizing that there is this large unknown, you know, dealing with this project is we -- we added additional development standards that suggested that we would meet prior to an approval of a development package prior to us, you know, making it -getting any TIs approved, that we would meet with those neighbors who are most immediately adjacent to the site to ensure that what it is we are proposing from both a design and operation, safety, et cetera, standpoint, that we are compatible with the neighborhood.

And so what it is we're trying to do here is, is activate a City-owned property in a neighborhood that is -- is -is, you know, for lack of a better word, plagued with an issue, and -- and we're -- we're trying to address that on a space where -- where we have the ability to. I know somebody mentioned here -- asking why this property as opposed to somewhere else? Well, this is the City-owned property in the neighborhood and -- and we've got funding to act now to address the situation. And so that's -- that's what our goal is, is to always be a good, good neighbor here.

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And one thing that -- that we did hear loud and clear

from the neighbors adjacent to the property was the safety protocols and operations, and -- and I suspect Liz and Brandi would like to follow up perhaps on -- on this as to how we are going to further work with the neighborhood as we -- we develop this site and -- and really start to better understand the exact program.

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7 And -- but one thing also to mention is we -- we are 8 proposing a -- it's ultimately a six-foot-tall wall. The document suggests that it's five-foot, but that's five feet of 9 10 masonry wall with an additional foot of wrought-iron picket. So, 11 something that we've discussed internally was whether that five-12 foot should be increased to six feet, and I think that would be a 13 reasonable address -- or a way to -- to -- to address some of the 14 concerns about wall height here. And so, perhaps, we can look at 15 committing to a six-foot-tall masonry wall with an additional 16 foot of wrought-iron picket; so effectively a seven-foot-tall 17 wall surrounding the property there. That's common in Tucson 18 Water properties, et cetera.

Secondly, the -- the setback that Ms. Poulos brought up and the notion of, you know, if we bring a two-story building onto this. What it is we're looking to -- to create here is a development standard that would be compatible with other nonresidential uses in a residential zone, if you will. While -while the PAD is based on an R-2 zone -- that's why we based it on that is because we're looking at this type of development more

City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing, 5/2/2024 Case No. TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD; and Case No. TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD as a housing typology, you know -- there's -- there's a need for 1 2 -- for housing in -- in the city here, and -- and just because it's not our traditional housing typologies, it doesn't mean that 3 4 we're not providing housing for somebody in need; and so we're --5 we're trying to -- to navigate because the -- the difference of But I do want to note here as well that a shelter is an 6 uses. 7 allowable use in the R-2 zone with a special exception. And so, 8 again, the use-specific standards that were created for the development typology that would be allowed in the existing zoning 9 category, that doesn't work for the model of housing that we're 10 11 trying to do --12 ZONING EXAMINER: Could -- could you --13 MS. WELLOTT: -- and that's why we're asking for 14 the PAD. 15 ZONING EXAMINER: Sure. Could you -- that was one 16 of my questions, Lexy. Could you speak to if that is permitted 17 in the R-2 zone as a special exception, why does that not work? 18 MS. WELLOTT: So, in the special exception there, 19 it -- it -- it primarily limits the number of people that can be 20 served and I think that's -- that's our biggest concern. 21 ZONING EXAMINER: So, what -- what is the limit? 22 MS. WELLOTT: I -- I -- I don't have it right off the top --23 24 ZONING EXAMINER: I think I saw ten or 15; does 25 that sound --

City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing, 5/2/2024 Case No. TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD; and Case No. TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD MS. WELLOTT: It's --1 2 ZONING EXAMINER: -- right? MS. WELLOTT: -- I was going to say no more than 3 20 is like what my gut tells me here, if not less. 4 5 ZONING EXAMINER: Okay. 6 MS. WELLOTT: And so that -- that doesn't really 7 serve the model and the need that -- you know, as Liz mentioned 8 in -- in her presentation, that's not -- not sufficient for -for the demand in the area, and -- and it's not sufficient in the 9 way in which it's set up where we can offer the support services 10 11 in conjunction with the shelter, et cetera. 12 ZONING EXAMINER: So, if I -- if I can ask you something else. So, what -- I mean, it's -- we're so used to 13 14 thinking about residences per acre, and that doesn't really fit 15 apples to apples here, right? But, Ms. -- to Ms. Poulos' point, 16 what is 120 beds on an acre roughly approximately translate to in 17 terms of density? Well, for starters, is it 120 or 200 beds? Because the --18 19 MS. WELLOTT: It's --20 ZONING EXAMINER: -- documents --MS. WELLOTT: -- 120. 21 22 ZONING EXAMINER: Okay. So, what does that 23 roughly translate to in -- in residences per acre? You're going 24 to have 45 tiny homes; was that what you said? Thirty to --25 MS. WELLOTT: Right. So, it'd be 35 -- 35 homes

City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing, 5/2/2024 Case No. TP-ENT-1123-00045, 29th & Swan PAD; and Case No. TP-ENT-0324-00007, HCD Village PAD in the backside of the lot there, so --1 2 ZONING EXAMINER: Plus the fire station. MS. WELLOTT: Right. And that's where I want to 3 -- like the word -- the fire station is -- is a shelter there. 4 5 Just give me one second --6 ZONING EXAMINER: Yeah. 7 MS. WELLOTT: -- here, let me --8 ZONING EXAMINER: Sure, take your time. 9 MS. WELLOTT: -- let me do some simple 10 calculations here. (Pause.) So, when you look at it from a 11 density standpoint, Mr. Iurino, and you think about the homes as 12 it would be viewed from a density calculation -- because the 13 shelter, in and of itself, it's a nonresidential use that 14 wouldn't calculate towards density -- when you look at the number 15 of tiny homes that would be placed on the site, we'd be looking at 35 units to the acre. 16 17 MS. MEGGISON: I -- I --18 ZONING EXAMINER: I'd like to --19 MS. MEGGISON: -- I kind of want to --20 ZONING EXAMINER: Yeah, go ahead. 21 MS. MEGGISON: I was just going to chime in real 22 quick as someone who's kind of --23 ZONING EXAMINER: Sure. 24 MS. MEGGISON: -- who's been researching shelter 25 care and zoning in the code. The -- the 35 tiny homes, the

1	little small units, are non-congregate rooms. So, they're not
2	individual homes, like I wouldn't classify it as 35 homes on this
3	less than an acre. It's 35 bedrooms, right, or it would be more
4	of because they all share a kitchen space. They don't have
5	their own kitchen in these tiny home units. And so it's hard to
6	go apples-to-apples with it
7	ZONING EXAMINER: Sure.
8	MS. MEGGISON: because they're not technically
9	homes, they are shelter. They're providing a space to have a bed
10	and, you know, a closet, but the the communal spaces are still
11	the bedroom or the kitchens and the bathrooms. And so it's
12	it's hard to do a direct density calculation.
13	ZONING EXAMINER: Sure. Yeah.
14	MS. MEGGISON: And I think the the reason why
15	we we chose a PAD, as opposed to going through the special
16	exception process in an R-2, is is exactly as Lexy mentioned,
17	the number of beds allowed per the Zoning Code as it is. And so
18	I think that's why Mayor and Council had directed us to do the
19	Planned Area Development and to think about it more kind of as a
20	site, and this new Resource Center Model, as opposed to, you
21	know, just kind of following the code as it is, because it makes
22	it very difficult to do this model.
23	ZONING EXAMINER: Sure. I appreciate that very
24	much. Thank you. Thank you for that.

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So, I mean -- and what the PAD document says is

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1	there'll be basically communal bathroom facilities and out
2	and outdoor kitchen. I'm not sure what an outdoor kitchen is. I
3	mean, I can guess based on being outdoors and having a kitchen.
4	But is that really what it is? Not a roof, no no walls? You
5	have to unmute. I'm actually asking.
6	MS. MEGGISON: Do you want me to take
7	ZONING EXAMINER: Yeah, please tell me what an
8	outdoor is; if that's okay.
9	MS. MORALES: Go ahead, Sarah.
10	MS. MEGGISON: Oh, well, I think the there's a
11	model that the Housing First team had looked at for the
12	development of this, which was in Austin, Texas, and, you know,
13	the tiny homes there's an outdoor kitchen, but it's it's
14	sheltered, it's like a full commercial-size kitchen, right, with
15	a refrigerator and a stove and it's it's communally used, but
16	it's
17	ZONING EXAMINER: Sure.
18	MS. MEGGISON: protected, it's not just like,
19	you know, no shelter above it. So, it'll probably be like a
20	semi-enclosed, you know, open on three sides sort of facility for
21	mostly probably to start with, refrigerators, et cetera. But,
22	yeah, not not intended to just be like a barbecue in the
23	middle of the of the
24	ZONING EXAMINER: Sure.
25	MS. MEGGISON: village.

1	ZONING EXAMINER: Right. I'm just thinking of
2	and I've become less heat-tolerant in my 42nd year here in
3	Tucson, I'm not a native just wondering about that.
4	So, just another kind of a bigger picture issue for
5	for the for what I've looked at. Is there I mean, I I
6	and I appreciate what Ms. Wellott is saying and and Ms.
7	Morales also, that the intent the not just intent, but the
8	plan is to go back to the neighbors when you're ready to submit
9	an actual not that this isn't actual but an actual plan for
10	what will be built. And the actual I saw part of the
11	mitigation measures as being sort of the operational procedures
12	and rules, right, for the property. Is there any reason why that
13	has to be back-end and not front-loaded?
14	MS. MORALES: So so, Mr. Iurino
15	ZONING EXAMINER: Yeah.
16	MS. MORALES: if you don't mind, I'm going to
17	ask Brandi to speak a little bit to the operations of the other
18	sites that we currently have.
19	ZONING EXAMINER: Sure.
20	MS. MORALES: It is we already have those kind
21	of policies and practices already in place, but this will have
22	will be unique and so and, because of where it's situated, we
23	will probably do additional things. As an example and I'll
24	turn it over to Brandi, you know one of the concerns that was
25	raised was the foot and car traffic. I you know, I've

mentioned in the past meetings, in the neighborhood meetings, that that is going to be controlled. We won't -- you know, we will not be having people coming directly without appointments, without -- and being able to provide transportation to people from offsite to be brought into this -- into the location. Our goal is to have very minimal impact. In fact, the -- the foot traffic that's happening through that neighborhood right now is very significant. And our priority will be to focus on the immediate neighborhood, those who are currently unsheltered there first so that there will be an immediate improvement just with the existing foot traffic --

ZONING EXAMINER: Right.

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MS. MORALES: -- can move along.

So, Brandi, will you speak a little bit to the operations you currently have?

16 MS. CHAMPION: Yes. Thank you, Liz. So, right 17 now, we have a couple of shelters in the O-5 zone, Amazon and 18 Wildcat, and we -- they are both staffed 24 hours a day, 19 professional security at night. So, we don't -- we don't 20 encourage walk-ups. We don't accept walk-ups. They are referred from other agencies, community members, the outside agencies that 21 22 actually transport the clients there. So, the only foot traffic 23 that we get at Wildcat is people coming up to inquire as to -- if 24 they can get on a wait list or what have you, and we don't 25 encourage that at all. We -- we're very mindful of our

neighbors. There's a lot of businesses near our other shelters, so we're always -- and residents for that matter. We're right next to -- we're adjacent to a trailer park at Amazon, so we're very mindful of how our property is kept.

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What we're doing -- we have a designated smoking area. We are -- we're all cameraed up, so we can see our property from every angle, even the hidden spots, so we're constantly surveilling and supervising, walking the property, walking around the neighborhood, driving the neighborhood to ensure that we're being good neighbors and that our tenants are not disturbing the peaceful enjoyment of other neighbors.

And -- and we're available. We have -- myself and my project manager have cell phones that we carry 24 hours a day. We are accessible. We answer our phones. You can come on the property, if you're a resident in the area, and talk to us at anytime. We are -- we -- we're not going to just come in and -and disappear and nobody can contact anybody if there's an issue. We are going to be readily available. So --

ZONING EXAMINER: Thank you for that. Was -- is there anything else, Ms. Morales, that you -- you all would like to say? You're on mute.

MS. MORALES: Thank you.

ZONING EXAMINER: Yes.

MS. MORALES: Just the importance of -- of the work that we do that is -- a proven track record, you know. I

know that maybe this -- the perception is that we've not done something quite in the neighborhood like this, but this has been -- this is a model that we know has -- is effective, not just in Tucson but nationwide. We're modeling after best prac- -- best practices that is research-validated. And we have -- we're super-responsive and we will ensure that residents have the resources and the contacts to address any concerns. But we believe this will improve the area and bring the solutions that -- that this area has desperately needed.

ZONING EXAMINER: Okay. Well, thank you very much for that. And I want to thank everyone in the audience and everyone from HCD who's participated this evening. This obviously is a critical, critical piece of the housing puzzle for commun- -- for any community, but certainly for our community as well. And so I understand how -- how serious the issue is.

But I want to thank everyone for participating and I hope everyone has a safe and lovely rest of the evening. Good night.

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(Conclusion of the hearing.)

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that, to the best of my ability, the foregoing is a true and accurate transcription of the digitallyrecorded City of Tucson Zoning Examiner Public Hearing held via video on May 2, 2024.

Transcription completed: May 13, 2024.

<u>/S/ Danielle L. Krassow</u> DANIELLE L. KRASSOW Legal Transcriptionist

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